PLACE OF DEATH		MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH			
Township Daw	Registration District No	899	File No.	6401	
or Village	Old Primary Registration Dist	rickwit 1	Desistered No	4177	
FULL NAME San	no 581 Jan	st s		[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number]	
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL P	ARTICULARS	MEDICAL C	ERTIFICATE OF DE	EATH	
	DAT	E OF DEATH	(Month)	9 , 191 6 (Day) (Year)	
DATE OF BIRTH (Month)	/2 , 1 & 9 D (Year) that	M TRACTOR	91, to		
occupation a) Trade, profession, or articular kind of work b) General nature of industry, usiness, or establishment in thich employed (or employer)	ds, ormin.? The	CAUSE OF DEATH	was as follows:	ohos	
IRTHPLACE Gity or town," tate or foreign country) NAME OF	Co	ntributory	GO yrd	de.	
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	no 12-	nod Frank	Address) 52	mos. ds.	
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	ww (1) E	State the Disease Causing I	Death, or, in deaths f	rom Vielent Causes, state or Homicidal.	
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)		OTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR RESIDENCE (FOR RESIDENTS) ace athyrsmos	OR HOSPITALS, INSTITE In theds. Statey		
HEIABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY	KNOWLEDGO When	re was disease contracted at place of death?			
Informant) MAN A SO A	usua	CE OF BURIAL OR REA	MOVAL DA	TE OF BURIAL	
FEB _ 1818 191 Carel	/ <u>/ </u>	DERTAKER	2 AD	77- 1816 129 Suda	

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

 use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless im-Measles (disease causing death), portant. Example: 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10, ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal condition such as "Ashenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)